

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

*Sub B1*

1. An image display apparatus comprising:  
a plurality of display pixels arranged in a matrix in  
order to perform image display, said display pixel having a  
5 pixel electrode and a pixel switch connected to said pixel  
electrode in series;

a plurality of memory elements for storing display  
data;

10 an image signal generating means for outputting a  
given image signal based on said display data;

a group of signal lines for connecting said image  
signal generating means to said group of pixel switches;  
and

15 a display image selection means for writing said  
image signal in a given display pixel through said group of  
signal lines and said group of pixel switches, wherein  
each basic unit of said memory element (50)  
20 (1) (C<sub>1</sub>) comprises a memory switch; a memory capacitor connected to said memory  
switch; an amplifier field-effect transistor (FET) of which  
a gate is connected to said memory capacitor; and a  
refreshing operation means for performing a preset  
refreshing operation to signal charge stored in said memory  
capacitor.

25 2. An image display apparatus according to claim 1,  
wherein each of said plurality of display pixels is a  
liquid crystal display pixel having a counter electrode and

a liquid crystal region between said pixel electrode and said counter electrode. *obvious Park's*

3. An image display apparatus according to claim 2,  
5 wherein said plurality of display pixels have an optical reflecting plate.

4. An image display apparatus according to claim 1,  
wherein said plurality of display pixels, said group of  
10 signal lines and said image signal generating means are formed on a single transparent substrate. *obvious Park's*

5. An image display apparatus according to claim 1,  
wherein said pixel switch is a thin-film transistor (TFT).

15 6. An image display apparatus according to claim 5,  
wherein said pixel switch is a polycrystalline Si thin-film transistor (poly-Si TFT).

20 7. An image display apparatus according to claim 6,  
wherein said memory switch is a polycrystalline Si thin-film transistor (poly-Si TFT).

25 8. An image display apparatus according to claim 6,  
wherein said amplifier <sup>EFT</sup> is a polycrystalline Si thin-film transistor (poly-Si TFT).

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9. An image display apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said memory capacitor is a capacitor between a gate and a channel of said amplifier FET. (fig 1-2)

5 10. An image display apparatus according to claim 6, wherein said memory capacitor is a capacitor between a gate and a channel of said polycrystalline Si thin-film transistor (poly-Si TFT). obvious (b17)

10 11. An image display apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the other end of said memory capacitor is connected to a wire to which a preset voltage is applied. (fig 1-2)

15 12. An image display apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the other end of said memory capacitor is connected to an indium tin oxide (ITO) thin film to which a preset voltage is applied. (fig 1-2)

20 13. An image display apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the other end of said memory capacitor is connected to a source of said amplifier FET. (fig 1-2)

25 14. An image display apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the other end of said memory capacitor is connected to a drain of said amplifier FET. (fig 1-2)

15. An image display apparatus according to claim 1,

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wherein a drain of said amplifier FET is connected to a voltage applying means. <sup>(V<sub>EE</sub>, V<sub>DD</sub>)</sup>

16. An image display apparatus according to claim 1,  
5 wherein a source of said amplifier FET is connected to a voltage applying means. <sup>obvious 16(17-20)</sup>

17. An image display apparatus according to claim 1,  
wherein a plurality of basic units of said memory elements  
10 are connected to one another by data lines, and said amplifier FET is connected to said data line through a selection switch. <sup>17</sup>

18. An image display apparatus according to claim 17,  
15 wherein said selection switch is a polycrystalline Si thin-film transistor (poly-Si TFT). <sup>6,39,50</sup>

19. An image display apparatus according to claim 18,  
wherein said selection switch is a polycrystalline Si thin-20 film transistor (poly-Si TFT) which is diode-connected and made short circuit in the drain and the source.

20. An image display apparatus according to claim 17,  
wherein said selection switch is a p-n junction diode using  
25 a polycrystalline Si thin film.

21. An image display apparatus according to claim 17,

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will know

wherein said basic units of the memory elements are arranged in a matrix along a group of data lines extending in a y-direction, and said memory switch and said selection switch in the individual basic unit are connected to the same data line. (Suf fig 1-2)

22. An image display apparatus according to claim 17, wherein said basic units of the memory elements are arranged in a matrix along a group of data lines extending in a y-direction, and said memory switch and said selection switch in the individual basic unit are connected to the data lines different from each other. (Suf fig 1-2)

23. An image display apparatus according to claim 17, wherein said basic units of the memory elements are arranged in a matrix along a group of data lines extending in a y-direction, and said data lines are arranged by n line units in a case where unit display data composed of n bits is stored by n basic units of said memory elements. (Suf fig 1-2)

24. An image display apparatus according to claim 4, wherein a lighting means to the display pixels is provided on a surface of said transparent substrate opposite to the surface on which the display pixels, the group of signal lines and the image signal generating means are arranged, and a black matrix shielding means is arranged between said transparent substrate corresponding to the back portions of the display pixels. (Suf fig 1-2)

~~said memory elements and said lighting means.~~

25. An image display apparatus according to claim 17, wherein a gate of complementary metal-oxide-semiconductor (CMOS) inverter is connected to said data line. *6,53-60*

26. An image display apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said image signal generating means has a DA converting means for generating an image signal from display data stored in said memory element. *(Well Known as explained Fig 9)*

27. An image display apparatus according to claim 2, wherein said image signal generating means has a DA converting means for generating an image signal from display data stored in said memory element, and said DA converting means has a function of selectively outputting substantially two kinds of image signal voltages to the same display data. *(10, 3(-47)*

20 28. An image display apparatus comprising:  
a plurality of display pixels arranged in a matrix in order to perform image display, said display pixel having a pixel electrode and a pixel switch connected to said pixel electrode in series;  
25 an image signal generating means for outputting a given image signal based on digital display data;  
a group of signal lines for connecting said image

signal generating means to said group of pixel switches;  
and

5 a display image selection means for writing said image signal in a given display pixel through said group of signal lines and said group of pixel switches, at least said plurality of display pixels, said group of signal lines and said image signal generating means being formed on a single transparent substrate, wherein

10 *Amatulli et al.* <sup>(109)</sup> said image signal generating means has a reference voltage generating circuit using a boron-doped polycrystalline Si (poly-Si) thin-film resistor. *Well known obvious*

29. A method of driving an image display apparatus, said image display apparatus comprising:

15 a plurality of display pixels arranged in a matrix in order to perform image display, said display pixel having a pixel electrode and a pixel switch connected to said pixel electrode in series;

20 an image signal generating means for outputting a given image signal based on display data, said image signal generating means having a plurality of memory elements for storing said display data;

25 a group of signal lines for connecting said image signal generating means to said group of pixel switches; and

a display image selection means for writing said image signal in a given display pixel through said group of

signal lines and said group of pixel switches, wherein  
each basic unit of said memory element comprises a  
memory switch; a memory capacitor connected to said memory  
switch; and a refreshing operation means for performing a  
5 preset refreshing operation to signal charge stored in said  
memory capacitor, and

operation of reading the display data from said  
memory element is included in the refreshing operation to  
said memory element using said refreshing operation means. (19,37-61)

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30. A method of driving an image display apparatus  
according to claim 29, wherein the operation of reading the  
display data from said memory element is substantially  
equal to the <sup>(writing new data)</sup>refreshing operation to said memory element  
15 using said refreshing operation means.

31. A method of driving an image display apparatus, said  
image display apparatus comprising:

20 a plurality of display pixels arranged in a matrix in  
order to perform image display, said display pixel having a  
pixel electrode and a pixel switch connected to said pixel  
electrode in series;

25 an image signal generating means for outputting a  
given image signal based on display data, said image signal  
generating means having a plurality of memory elements for  
storing said display data;

a group of signal lines for connecting said image

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signal generating means to said group of pixel switches;  
and

5 a display image selection means for writing said image signal in a given display pixel through said group of signal lines and said group of pixel switches, wherein

10 each basic unit of said memory element comprises a memory switch; a memory capacitor connected to said memory switch; and a refreshing operation means for performing a preset refreshing operation to signal charge stored in said memory capacitor, and

15 writing of the display data to said memory element is performed based on address data, and refreshing to said memory element using said refreshing operation means is performed by sequentially scanning.

32.

32. A method of driving an image display apparatus, said image display apparatus comprising:

20 a plurality of display pixels arranged in a matrix in order to perform image display, said display pixel having a pixel electrode and a pixel switch connected to said pixel electrode in series;

25 an image signal generating means for outputting a given image signal based on display data, said image signal generating means having a plurality of memory elements for storing said display data;

a group of signal lines for connecting said image signal generating means to said group of pixel switches;

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and

a display image selection means for writing said image signal in a given display pixel through said group of signal lines and said group of pixel switches, wherein

5 each basic unit of said memory element comprises a memory switch; a memory capacitor connected to said memory switch; and a refreshing operation means for performing a preset refreshing operation to signal charge stored in said memory capacitor, and

10 a plural number of said memory elements are connected to a common data line, and

the refreshing to said memory element using said refreshing operation means is performed by initially outputting the display data to said data line; and further 15 amplifying a voltage level of said display data written in said data line; and then rewriting the amplified voltage of said display data from said data line. (7, 2534)

33. A method of driving an image display apparatus, said 20 image display apparatus comprising:

a plurality of display pixels arranged in a matrix in order to perform image display, said display pixel having a pixel electrode and a pixel switch connected to said pixel electrode in series;

25 an image signal generating means for outputting a given image signal based on display data, said image signal generating means having a plurality of memory elements for

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storing said display data;

a group of signal lines for connecting said image signal generating means to said group of pixel switches; and

5 a display image selection means for writing said image signal in a given display pixel through said group of signal lines and said group of pixel switches, wherein

10 each basic unit of said memory element comprises a memory switch; a memory capacitor connected to said memory switch; and a refreshing operation means for performing a preset refreshing operation to signal charge stored in said memory capacitor, and

15 a plural number of said memory elements are connected to a common data line, and

the refreshing to said memory element using said refreshing operation means is performed by initially outputting the display data to said data line; and directly rewriting the voltage of said display data from said data line. *(By)*

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34. A method of driving an image display apparatus according to any one of claim 32 and claim 33, wherein the writing of the display data to said memory element is performed by rewriting part of said display data output from said memory element to said data line, [and then rewriting said display data from said data line.] *"2*

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35. A method of driving an image display apparatus, said image display apparatus comprising:

5 a plurality of display pixels arranged in a matrix in order to perform image display, said display pixel having a pixel electrode and a pixel switch connected to said pixel electrode in series;

10 an image signal generating means for outputting a given image signal based on display data, said image signal generating means having a plurality of memory elements for storing said display data;

a group of signal lines for connecting said image signal generating means to said group of pixel switches; and

15 a display image selection means for writing said image signal in a given display pixel through said group of signal lines and said group of pixel switches, wherein

20 each basic unit of said memory element comprises a memory switch; a memory capacitor connected to said memory switch; [and a refreshing operation means for performing a preset refreshing operation to signal charge stored in said memory capacitor,] and

25 a driving pulse for driving said display image selection means and a driving pulse for driving said refreshing operation means are the same driving pulse branched from a single input. (being <sup>the</sup> ~~the~~ driver circuits)

36. A method of driving an image display apparatus, said

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image display apparatus comprising:

a plurality of display pixels arranged in a matrix in order to perform image display, said display pixel having a pixel electrode and a pixel switch connected to said pixel electrode in series;

an image signal generating means for outputting a given image signal based on display data, said image signal generating means having a plurality of memory elements for storing said display data;

10 a group of signal lines for connecting said image signal generating means to said group of pixel switches; and

15 a display image selection means for writing said image signal in a given display pixel through said group of signal lines and said group of pixel switches, wherein

each basic unit of said memory element comprises a memory switch; a memory capacitor connected to said memory switch; an amplifier field-effect transistor (FET) of which a gate is connected to said memory capacitor; and a 20 refreshing operation means for performing a preset refreshing operation to signal charge stored in said memory capacitor, and

a read-out pulse is applied to a drain of said amplifier FET when the display data is read out of said 25 memory element. 7154-65

37. A method of driving an image display apparatus, said

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image display apparatus comprising:

a plurality of display pixels arranged in a matrix in order to perform image display, said display pixel having a pixel electrode and a pixel switch connected to said pixel electrode in series;

an image signal generating means for outputting a given image signal based on display data, said image signal generating means having a plurality of memory elements for storing said display data;

10 a group of signal lines for connecting said image signal generating means to said group of pixel switches; and

15 a display image selection means for writing said image signal in a given display pixel through said group of signal lines and said group of pixel switches, wherein

each basic unit of said memory element comprises a memory switch; a memory capacitor connected to said memory switch; an amplifier field-effect transistor (FET) of which a gate is connected to said memory capacitor; and a 20 refreshing operation means for performing [ a preset refreshing operation to signal charge stored in said memory capacitor, and ]

25 (driving) a read-out pulse is applied to a source of said amplifier FET when the display data is read out of said memory element.

38. A method of driving an image display apparatus

according to any one of claim 35 and claim 37, wherein an amplitude of voltage driving said memory switch is larger than an amplitude of read-out pulse voltage applied to the drain or the source of said amplifier FET. (7,25-34)